Enhanced support for Lua\TeX

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Enhanced support for Lua\TeX

As noted in \LaTeX\ News 22, the 2015/01/01 release of \LaTeX introduced built-in support for extended \TeX systems.

The range of allocated register numbers (for example, for count registers) is now set according to the underlying engine capabilities to 256, 32768 or 65536. Additional allocators were also added for the facilities added by $\varepsilon$-\TeX ($\texttt{newmark}$) and $\zeta$-\TeX ($\texttt{newXetexintcharclass}$). At that time, however, the work to incorporate additional allocators for Lua\TeX was not ready for distribution.

The main feature of this release is that by default it includes allocators for Lua\TeX-provided features, such as Lua functions, bytecode registers, catcode tables and Lua callbacks. Previously these features have been provided by the contributed luatex (Heiko Oberdiek) and luatexbase (Élie Roux, Manuel Pégourié-Gonnard and Philipp Gesang) packages. However, just as noted with the etex package in the previous release, it is better if allocation is handled by the format to avoid problems with conflicts between different allocation schemes, or definitions made before a package-defined allocation scheme is enabled.

The facilities incorporated into the format with this release, and described below, are closely modelled on the luatexbase package and we thank the authors, and especially Élie Roux, for help in arranging this transition.

The implementation of these Lua\TeX features has been redesigned to match the allocation system introduced in the 2015/01/01 \LaTeX release, and there are some other differences from the previous luatexbase package. However, as noted below, luatexbase is being updated in line with this \LaTeX release to provide the previous interface as a wrapper around the new implementation, so we expect the majority of documents using luatexbase to work without change.

Names of Lua\TeX primitive commands
The 2015/01/01 \LaTeX release for the first time initialised Lua\TeX in \latex.ltx if Lua\TeX is being used. Following the convention used in the contributed lualatex.ini file used to set up the format for earlier releases, most Lua\TeX-specific primitives were defined with names prefixed by luatex. This was designed to minimize name clashes but had the disadvantage that names did not match the Lua\TeX manual, or the names used in other formats, and produced some awkward command names such as $\backslash\texttt{luatexluafunction}$. From this release the names are enabled without the luatex prefix.

In practice this change should not affect many documents; relatively few packages access the primitive commands, and many of those are already set up to work with prefixed or unprefixed names, so that they work with multiple formats.

For package writers, if you want to ensure that your code works with this and earlier releases, use prefixed names in the package and ensure that they are defined by using code such as:

\begin{verbatim}
\directlua{tex.enableprimitives("", tex.extraprimitives("omega", "aleph", "luatex"))}
\end{verbatim}

Conversely if your document uses a package relying on prefixed names then you can add:

\begin{verbatim}
\directlua{tex.enableprimitives("luatex", tex.extraprimitives("omega", "aleph", "luatex"))}
\end{verbatim}

to your document.

Note the compatibility layer offered by the luatexbase package described below makes several commands available under both names.
As always, this change can be reverted using:
\texttt{\textbackslash RequirePackage[2015/01/01]{latexrelease}} at the start of the document.

**\TeX commands for allocation in Lua\TeX**

For detailed descriptions of the new allocation commands see the documented sources in \texttt{ltluatex.dtx} or chapter N of source2e; however, the following new allocation commands are defined by default in Lua\TeX: \texttt{\newattribute}, \texttt{\newcatcodetable}, \texttt{\newluafunction} and \texttt{\newwhatssit}. In addition, the commands \texttt{\setattribute} and \texttt{\unsetattribute} are defined to set and unset Lua attributes (integer values similar to counters, but attached to nodes). Finally several catcode tables are predefined: \texttt{\catcodetable@latex}, \texttt{\catcodetable@initex}, \texttt{\catcodetable@string}, \texttt{\catcodetable@latex}, \texttt{\catcodetable@atletter}.

**Predefined Lua functions**

If used with Lua\TeX, \LaTeX will initialise a Lua table, \texttt{luatexbase}, with functions supporting allocation and also the registering of Lua callback functions.

**Support for older releases and plain \TeX**

The Lua\TeX allocation functionality made available in this release is also available in plain \TeX and older \LaTeX releases in the files \texttt{ltluatex.tex} and \texttt{ltluatex.lua} which may be used simply by including the \TeX file: \texttt{	extbackslash input{ltluatex}}. An alternative for old \LaTeX releases is to use:
\texttt{\textbackslash RequirePackage[2015/10/01]{latexrelease}} which will update the kernel to the current release, including Lua\TeX support.

**Additional Lua\TeX support packages**

In addition to the base \LaTeX release two packages have been contributed to the \texttt{contrib} area on CTAN. The \texttt{ctablestack} package offers some commands to help package writers control the Lua\TeX catcodetable functionality, and the \texttt{luatexbase} package replaces the previously available package of the same name, providing a compatible interface but implemented over the \texttt{ltluatex} code.

**More Floats and Inserts**

If \LaTeX is available, the number of registers allocated in the format to hold floats such as figures is increased from 18 to 52.

The extended allocation system introduced in 2015/01/01 means that in most cases it is no longer necessary to load the \texttt{etex} package. Many classes and packages that previously loaded this package no longer do so. Unfortunately in some circumstances where a package or class previously used the \texttt{etex} \texttt{\textbackslash reserveinserts} command, it is possible for a document that previously worked to generate an error “no room for a new insert”. In practice this error can always be avoided by declaring inserts earlier, before the registers below 256 are all allocated. However, it is better not to require packages to be re-ordered and in some cases the re-ordering is complicated due to delayed allocations in \texttt{\textbackslash AtBeginDocument}.

In this release, a new implementation of \texttt{\textbackslash newinsert} is used which allocates inserts from the previously allocated float lists once the classical register allocation has run out. This allows an extra 52 (or in Lua\TeX, 64 thousand) insert allocations which is more than enough for practical documents (by default, \LaTeX only uses two insert allocations).

**Updated Unicode data**

The file \texttt{unicode-letters.def} recording catcodes, upper and lower case mappings and other properties for Unicode characters has been regenerated using the data files from Unicode 8.0.0.

**Support for Comma Accent**

The command \texttt{\textbackslash textcommabelow} has been added to the format. This is mainly used for the Romanian letters \texttt{\textasciitilde s/t}. This was requested in latex/4414 in the \LaTeX bug tracker.

**Extended inputenc**

The \texttt{utf8} option for \texttt{inputenc} has been extended to support the letters \texttt{s/t} with comma accent, \texttt{U+0218 - U+021b}. Similarly circumflex \texttt{w/y} and \texttt{U+0174 - U+0177} are defined. Also \texttt{U+00a0} and \texttt{U+00ad} are declared by default, and defined to be \texttt{\nobreakspace} and \texttt{\-} respectively.

The error message given on undefined UTF-8 input characters now displays the Unicode number in \texttt{U+\textbackslash hex} format in addition to showing the character.

**Pre-release Releases**

The patch level mechanism has been used previously to identify \LaTeX releases that have small patches applied to the main release, without changing the main format date.

The mechanism has now been extended to allow identification of pre-release versions of the software (which may or may not be released via CTAN) but can be identified with a banner such as \texttt{LaTeX2e <2015/10/01> pre-release-1} Internally this is identified as a patch release with a negative patch level.

**Updates in tools**

The \texttt{multicol} package has been updated to fix the interaction with “here” floats that land on the same page as the start or end of a \texttt{multicols} environment.